I_135_2061-5

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. H. B. No. 465

A BILL

То	amend section 5123.01 and to enact sections	1
	5123.1910, 5123.1911, 5123.1912, 5123.1913,	2
	5123.1914, 5123.1915, 5123.1916, and 5123.1917	3
	of the Revised Code to establish requirements	4
	regarding electronic monitoring of a resident's	5
	room in a licensed residential facility and to	6
	name this act Lauren's Law.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 5123.01 be amended and sections	8
5123.1910, 5123.1911, 5123.1912, 5123.1913, 5123.1914,	9
5123.1915, 5123.1916, and 5123.1917 of the Revised Code be	10
enacted to read as follows:	11
Sec. 5123.01. As used in this chapter:	12
(A) "Chief medical officer" means the licensed physician	13
appointed by the managing officer of an institution for persons	14
with intellectual disabilities with the approval of the director	15
of developmental disabilities to provide medical treatment for	16
residents of the institution.	17



(B) "Chief program director" means a person with special	18
training and experience in the diagnosis and management of	19
persons with developmental disabilities, certified according to	20
division (C) of this section in at least one of the designated	21
fields, and appointed by the managing officer of an institution	22
for persons with intellectual disabilities with the approval of	23
the director to provide habilitation and care for residents of	24
the institution.	25

26

27 28

29

30

31

32

33

34

3.5

36

37

- (C) "Comprehensive evaluation" means a study, including a sequence of observations and examinations, of a person leading to conclusions and recommendations formulated jointly, with dissenting opinions if any, by a group of persons with special training and experience in the diagnosis and management of persons with developmental disabilities, which group shall include individuals who are professionally qualified in the fields of medicine, psychology, and social work, together with such other specialists as the individual case may require.
- (D) "Education" means the process of formal training and instruction to facilitate the intellectual and emotional development of residents.
- (E) "Habilitation" means the process by which the staff of 38 the institution assists the resident in acquiring and 39 maintaining those life skills that enable the resident to cope 40 more effectively with the demands of the resident's own person 41 and of the resident's environment and in raising the level of 42 the resident's physical, mental, social, and vocational 43 efficiency. Habilitation includes but is not limited to programs 44 of formal, structured education and training. 45
- (F) "Health officer" means any public health physician, 46 public health nurse, or other person authorized or designated by 47

a city or general health district.	48
(G) "Home and community-based services" means medicaid-	49
funded home and community-based services specified in division	50
(A)(1) of section 5166.20 of the Revised Code provided under the	51
medicaid waiver components the department of developmental	52
disabilities administers pursuant to section 5166.21 of the	53
Revised Code. Except as provided in section 5123.0412 of the	54
Revised Code, home and community-based services provided under	55
the medicaid waiver component known as the transitions	56
developmental disabilities waiver are to be considered to be	57
home and community-based services for the purposes of this	58
chapter, and Chapters 5124. and 5126. of the Revised Code, only	59
to the extent, if any, provided by the contract required by	60
section 5166.21 of the Revised Code regarding the waiver.	61
(H) "ICF/IID" and "ICF/IID services" have the same	62
meanings as in section 5124.01 of the Revised Code.	63
(I) "Indigent person" means a person who is unable,	64
without substantial financial hardship, to provide for the	65
payment of an attorney and for other necessary expenses of legal	66
representation, including expert testimony.	67
(J) "Institution" means a public or private facility, or a	68
part of a public or private facility, that is licensed by the	69
appropriate state department and is equipped to provide	70
residential habilitation, care, and treatment for persons with	71
intellectual disabilities.	72
(K) "Licensed physician" means a person who holds a valid	73
license issued under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code	74
authorizing the person to practice medicine and surgery or	75

osteopathic medicine and surgery, or a medical officer of the

76

government of the United States while in the performance of the	77
officer's official duties.	78
(L) "Managing officer" means a person who is appointed by	79
the director of developmental disabilities to be in executive	80
control of an institution under the jurisdiction of the	81
department of developmental disabilities.	82
(M) "Medicaid case management services" means case	83
management services provided to an individual with a	84
developmental disability that the state medicaid plan requires.	85
(N) "Intellectual disability" means a disability	86
characterized by having significantly subaverage general	87
intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficiencies	88
in adaptive behavior, manifested during the developmental	89
period.	90
(O) "Person with an intellectual disability subject to	91
institutionalization by court order" means a person eighteen	92
years of age or older with at least a moderate level of	93
intellectual disability and in relation to whom, because of the	94
person's disability, either of the following conditions exists:	95
(1) The person represents a very substantial risk of	96
physical impairment or injury to self as manifested by evidence	97
that the person is unable to provide for and is not providing	98
for the person's most basic physical needs and that provision	99
for those needs is not available in the community;	100
(2) The person needs and is susceptible to significant	101
habilitation in an institution.	102
(P) "Moderate level of intellectual disability" means the	103
condition in which a person, following a comprehensive	104
evaluation, is found to have at least moderate deficits in	105

overall intellectual functioning, as indicated by a full-scale	106
intelligence quotient test score of fifty-five or below, and at	107
least moderate deficits in adaptive behavior, as determined in	108
accordance with the criteria established in the fifth edition of	109
the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders	110
published by the American psychiatric association.	111
(Q) "Developmental disability" means a severe, chronic	112
disability that is characterized by all of the following:	113
(1) It is attributable to a mental or physical impairment	114
or a combination of mental and physical impairments, other than	115
a mental or physical impairment solely caused by mental illness,	116
as defined in division (A) of section 5122.01 of the Revised	117
Code.	118
(2) It is manifested before age twenty-two.	119
(3) It is likely to continue indefinitely.	120
(4) It results in one of the following:	121
(a) In the case of a person under three years of age, at	122
least one developmental delay, as defined in rules adopted under	123
section 5123.011 of the Revised Code, or a diagnosed physical or	124
mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in a	125
developmental delay, as defined in those rules;	126
(b) In the case of a person at least three years of age	127
but under six years of age, at least two developmental delays,	128
as defined in rules adopted under section 5123.011 of the	129
Revised Code;	130
(c) In the case of a person six years of age or older, a	131
substantial functional limitation in at least three of the	132
following areas of major life activity, as appropriate for the	133

person's age: self-care, receptive and expressive language,	134
learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent	135
living, and, if the person is at least sixteen years of age,	136
capacity for economic self-sufficiency.	137
(5) It causes the person to need a combination and	138
sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or other type of care,	139
treatment, or provision of services for an extended period of	140
time that is individually planned and coordinated for the	141
person.	142
"Developmental disability" includes intellectual	143
disability.	144
(R) "State institution" means an institution that is tax-	145
supported and under the jurisdiction of the department of	146
developmental disabilities.	147
(S) "Residence" and "legal residence" have the same	148
meaning as "legal settlement," which is acquired by residing in	149
Ohio for a period of one year without receiving general	150
assistance prior to July 17, 1995, under former Chapter 5113. of	151
the Revised Code, without receiving financial assistance prior	152
to December 31, 2017, under former Chapter 5115. of the Revised	153
Code, or assistance from a private agency that maintains records	154
of assistance given. A person having a legal settlement in the	155
state shall be considered as having legal settlement in the	156
assistance area in which the person resides. No adult person	157
coming into this state and having a spouse or minor children	158
residing in another state shall obtain a legal settlement in	159
this state as long as the spouse or minor children are receiving	160
public assistance, care, or support at the expense of the other	161
state or its subdivisions. For the purpose of determining the	162

163

legal settlement of a person who is living in a public or

private institution or in a home subject to licensing by the	164
department of job and family services, the department of mental	165
health and addiction services, or the department of	166
developmental disabilities, the residence of the person shall be	167
considered as though the person were residing in the county in	168
which the person was living prior to the person's entrance into	169
the institution or home. Settlement once acquired shall continue	170
until a person has been continuously absent from Ohio for a	171
period of one year or has acquired a legal residence in another	172
state. A woman who marries a man with legal settlement in any	173
county immediately acquires the settlement of her husband. The	174
legal settlement of a minor is that of the parents, surviving	175
parent, sole parent, parent who is designated the residential	176
parent and legal custodian by a court, other adult having	177
permanent custody awarded by a court, or guardian of the person	178
of the minor, provided that:	179

- (1) A minor female who marries shall be considered to have the legal settlement of her husband and, in the case of death of her husband or divorce, she shall not thereby lose her legal settlement obtained by the marriage.
- (2) A minor male who marries, establishes a home, and who has resided in this state for one year without receiving general assistance prior to July 17, 1995, under former Chapter 5113. of the Revised Code or assistance from a private agency that maintains records of assistance given shall be considered to have obtained a legal settlement in this state.
- (3) The legal settlement of a child under eighteen years of age who is in the care or custody of a public or private child caring agency shall not change if the legal settlement of the parent changes until after the child has been in the home of

the parent for a period of one year.	194
No person, adult or minor, may establish a legal	195
settlement in this state for the purpose of gaining admission to	196
any state institution.	197
(T)(1) "Resident" means, subject to division (T)(2) of	198
this section and except as provided in section 5123.1910 of the	199
Revised Code, a person who is admitted either voluntarily or	200
involuntarily to an institution or other facility pursuant to	201
section 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised	202
Code subsequent to a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity	203
or incompetence to stand trial or under this chapter who is	204
under observation or receiving habilitation and care in an	205
institution.	206
(2) "Resident" does not include a person admitted to an	207
institution or other facility under section 2945.39, 2945.40,	208
2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code to the extent that the	209
reference in this chapter to resident, or the context in which	210
the reference occurs, is in conflict with any provision of	211
sections 2945.37 to 2945.402 of the Revised Code.	212
(U) "Respondent" means the person whose detention,	213
commitment, or continued commitment is being sought in any	214
proceeding under this chapter.	215
(V) "Working day" and "court day" mean Monday, Tuesday,	216
Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, except when such day is a legal	217
holiday.	218
(W) "Prosecutor" means the prosecuting attorney, village	219
solicitor, city director of law, or similar chief legal officer	220
who prosecuted a criminal case in which a person was found not	221
guilty by reason of insanity, who would have had the authority	222

to prosecute a criminal case against a person if the person had	223
not been found incompetent to stand trial, or who prosecuted a	224
case in which a person was found guilty.	225
(X) "Court" means the probate division of the court of	226
common pleas.	227
	220
(Y) "Supported living" and "residential services" have the	228
same meanings as in section 5126.01 of the Revised Code.	229
Sec. 5123.1910. As used in sections 5123.1910 to 5123.1917	230
of the Revised Code:	231
"Attorney in fact" and "electronic monitoring device" have	232
the same meanings as in section 3721.60 of the Revised Code.	233
"Guardian" has the same meaning as in section 2111.01 of	234
the Revised Code.	235
"Licensed residential facility" means a residential	236
facility, as defined in section 5123.19 of the Revised Code,	237
that holds a license issued under that section.	238
"Resident" means an individual who resides in a licensed	239
residential facility.	240
Sec. 5123.1911. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (A)	241
(2) of this section, a licensed residential facility may elect	242
to permit facility residents to install and use electronic	243
	243
monitoring devices in a resident's room in the facility. If a	
facility permits residents to install and use electronic	245
monitoring devices, the installation and use of an electronic	246
monitoring device is subject to this section and sections	247
5123.1912 to 5123.1916 of the Revised Code. No resident or a	248
resident's guardian or attorney in fact shall install or use an	249
electronic monitoring device in a resident's room in a licensed	250

residential facility unless the facility has permitted the use	251
of electronic monitoring devices under this section.	252
(2) If the licensed residential facility is an ICF/IID,	253
the ICF/IID operator shall permit a resident or a resident's	254
guardian or attorney in fact to authorize the installation and	255
use of an electronic monitoring device in the resident's room in	256
	257
the ICF/IID, subject to this section and sections 5123.1912 to	
5123.1916 of the Revised Code.	258
(B) Subject to division (A) of this section and section	259
5123.1912 of the Revised Code, a resident or a resident's	260
guardian or attorney in fact may authorize the installation and	261
use of an electronic monitoring device in the resident's room in	262
a licensed residential facility.	263
(C) The installation and use of an electronic monitoring	264
device may be authorized only if both of the following	265
<pre>conditions are met:</pre>	266
(1) If a licensed residential facility has prescribed a	267
form described in section 5123.1913 of the Revised Code and the	268
resident or resident's guardian or attorney in fact completes	269
the form and submits it to the provider;	270
(2) The cost of the device and the cost of installing,	271
maintaining, and removing the device, other than the cost of	272
electricity for the device, is paid for by the resident or the	273
resident's guardian or attorney in fact.	274
(D) A resident who has authorized the installation and use	275
of an electronic monitoring device may withdraw that	276
authorization at any time.	277
and any came.	211
Sec. 5123.1912. (A) If a resident wishing to conduct	278
authorized electronic monitoring of the resident's room lives	279

with other residents in a licensed residential facility that is	280
not divided into units or lives with other residents in a unit	281
of a licensed residential facility that is divided into units,	282
the consent of the other residents or the other residents'	283
guardians or attorneys in fact to the installation and use of an	284
electronic monitoring device in the room is required before any	285
installation or use of such a device may occur. If a licensed	286
residential facility has prescribed a form described in section	287
5123.1913 of the Revised Code, the other residents or other	288
residents' guardians or attorneys in fact shall consent by	289
completing the relevant part of the form.	290
(B) (1) If a resident wishes to conduct authorized	291
electronic monitoring of the resident's room, but another	292
resident or resident's guardian or attorney in fact refuses to	293
consent to the installation and use of an electronic monitoring	294
device under division (A) of this section, the licensed	295
residential facility shall make a reasonable attempt to	296
accommodate the resident wishing to conduct authorized	297
electronic monitoring by utilizing person-centered planning to	298
offer options for both the resident who wishes to conduct	299
electronic monitoring and any other resident or resident's	300
guardian or attorney in fact who does not consent to electronic	301
monitoring.	302
(2) Another resident of the licensed residential facility	303
or unit or resident's guardian or attorney in fact may place	304
conditions on any consent to the installation and use of an	305
electronic monitoring device, including conditions such as	306
pointing the device away from another resident or limiting or	307
prohibiting the use of certain devices. If conditions are placed	308
on consent, the device shall be installed and used according to	309
those conditions.	310

(C) A resident whose consent is required under this	311
section may withdraw that consent at any time.	312
Sec. 5123.1913. A licensed residential facility may	313
prescribe a form for use by a resident or resident's guardian or	314
attorney in fact seeking to authorize the installation and use	315
of an electronic monitoring device in the resident's room in a	316
licensed residential facility. If a licensed residential	317
facility prescribes a form, it shall, at a minimum, include all	318
<pre>of the following:</pre>	319
(A) An explanation of sections 5123.1910 to 5123.1917 of	320
the Revised Code;	321
(B) An acknowledgment that the resident or resident's	322
guardian or attorney in fact has consented to the installation	323
and use of the device in the resident's room;	324
(C) An acknowledgment that another resident of the	325
licensed residential facility or unit or resident's guardian or	326
attorney in fact has consented to the installation and use of	327
the device in accordance with division (A) of section 5123.1912	328
of the Revised Code, and a description of any conditions placed	329
on that consent pursuant to division (B)(2) of section 5123.1912	330
of the Revised Code;	331
(D) A section for providing the licensed residential	332
facility with information regarding the type, function, and use	333
of the device to be installed and used;	334
(E) A section stating that the licensed residential	335
facility is released from liability in any civil or criminal	336
action or administrative proceeding for a violation of a	337
resident's right to privacy in connection with using the device.	338
Sec. 5123.1914. A licensed residential facility may post a	339

notice in a conspicuous place at the entrance to a resident's	340
room with an electronic monitoring device stating that an	341
electronic monitoring device is in use in that room.	342
Sec. 5123.1915. Except as provided in section 5123.1916 of	343
the Revised Code, no person or resident shall be denied	344
admission to or discharged from a licensed residential facility	345
or otherwise discriminated or retaliated against because of the	346
decision to authorize the installation and use of an electronic	347
monitoring device in a resident's room in the licensed	348
residential facility.	349
Sec. 5123.1916. (A) No person other than the resident or	350
resident's quardian or attorney in fact who authorized the	351
installation and use of an electronic monitoring device in the	352
resident's room in a licensed residential facility shall	353
intentionally obstruct, tamper with, or destroy the device or a	354
recording made by the device.	355
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, no	356
person other than the following shall intentionally view or	357
listen to the images or sounds displayed, transmitted, or	358
recorded by an electronic monitoring device installed in a	359
<pre>resident's room:</pre>	360
(1) The resident;	361
(2) The resident's guardian or attorney in fact;	362
(3) Law enforcement personnel;	363
(4) The licensed residential facility.	364
(C) Subject to division (D) of this section, a resident or	365
resident's guardian or attorney in fact may authorize a person	366
to view or listen to the images displayed or sounds recorded by	367

an electronic monitoring device installed in a resident's room.	368
(D)(1) A resident or resident's guardian or attorney in	369
fact shall not authorize a person to view or listen to the	370
images displayed or sounds recorded by an electronic monitoring	371
device under division (C) of this section if the images	372
displayed or sounds recorded contain images or sounds of another	373
resident of the licensed residential facility, unless the	374
authorization is related to a report or investigation of a major	375
unusual incident or an unusual incident in accordance with	376
sections 5123.61 to 5123.614 of the Revised Code.	377
(2) If a resident or resident's guardian or attorney in	378
fact violates division (D)(1) of this section, a licensed	379
residential facility may take necessary steps to prevent further	380
viewing or listening to the images displayed or sounds recorded	381
by an electronic monitoring device in violation of this section,	382
including by terminating the services provided to the resident.	383
Sec. 5123.1917. The director of developmental disabilities	384
may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	385
Code as necessary to implement sections 5123.1910 to 5123.1916	386
of the Revised Code.	387
Section 2. That existing section 5123.01 of the Revised	388
Code is hereby repealed.	389
Section 3. This act shall be known as Lauren's Law.	390